**2-5 – Conflict in the Colonies - Pages 64-69**

**Essential Question:** Why did tensions develop as the British government placed tax after tax on the colonies?

**Main Idea 1:**
British efforts to raise taxes on colonists sparked protest.

- Great Britain had to pay for the ___________ and ___________ War and for keeping troops in North America to ___________ the ___________.
- Parliament passed the ___________ in 1764 to tax ___________ to make them help ___________ costs.
- Parliament’s actions ___________ many ___________.
- ___________ believed there should be no ___________ without ___________ in Parliament.
- ___________, a colonial leader, set up the ___________ of Correspondence to ___________.

**Taxing the Colonies**

**Stamp Act of 1765**

- ___________ had to pay for ___________ ___________, or seal, on purchase of ___________ items
- Immediate ___________
- ___________ ___________ sometimes used ___________.
- ___________ Congress of ___________ declared the ___________ a violation of colonial ___________.
- ___________ in 1766

**Townshend Acts of 1767**

- Duties on ___________, lead, ___________, paper, and ___________.
- Writs of assistance used to ___________.
- Colonists boycotted ___________ goods
- ___________ ___________ attacked ___________ houses
- ___________ sent in 1768
- ___________ repealed almost all of the ___________ Acts
- ___________ wanted to reduce ___________ in the ___________.

**Main Idea 2:**
The Boston Massacre caused colonial resentment toward Great Britain.

- A crowd gathered in Boston after a British soldier ___________ a ___________ on March 5, 1770.
- Soldiers ___________ into the crowd, killing ___________, including ___________.
- The ___________ were called the ___________ ___________ by colonists.
- This caused more ___________ against the ___________.

**Crispus Attucks**
Main Idea 3:
Colonists protested the British tax on tea with the Boston Tea Party.

- Colonial merchants smuggled ___________ to avoid ___________ the British ___________ tax.
- Parliament passed the ___________ in 1773 to allow the ___________ East India Company to sell ___________ tea to the ___________.
- Colonial ___________ and ___________ were ___________ to this.
- On December 16, 1773, colonists ___________ as ___________ attacked British ___________ ships and threw the ___________ overboard.
- The incident was called the ___________.
- The Boston Tea Party ___________ how ___________ colonists were with new British ___________.

Main Idea 4:
Great Britain responded to colonial actions by passing the Intolerable Acts.

- Act 1- ___________ ___________ was closed
- Act 2- ___________ charter was canceled.
- Act 3- Royal officials accused of ___________ would be sent to ___________ ___________ for trial.
- Act 4- General ___________ ___________ was made the new ___________ of Massachusetts.
- Known as the ___________ Acts, passed by ___________ in spring of ___________.
- The ___________ acts were called “the ___________ Acts” by ___________.