Essential Question: How did Union victories in 1863, 1864, and 1865 bring the Civil War to an end?

Main Idea 1:
The Battle of Gettysburg in 1863 was a major turning point in the war.

- Largest and __________ battle of __________ __________
- More than __________ soldiers were __________, wounded, __________, or went __________ in three days.
- It was an important __________ for the __________ because it stopped __________ plan of __________ the North.

Battle of Gettysburg

First Day
- Lee’s __________ were __________ at __________, Pennsylvania, on July 1, 1863.
- Ran into __________ forces under General __________ __________, starting Battle of __________
- __________ took up __________ positions

Second Day
- Lee ordered __________ on __________ troops on Little Round Top
- Both sides __________ viciously for __________.
- __________ forces __________ off __________

Third Day
- Lee planned __________ on __________ of Union __________
- General __________ __________ led 15,000 men in __________ Charge, a failed __________ on __________ Ridge.
- __________ began planning __________ to __________

Aftermath of Gettysburg

Turning Point
- __________ was __________ point of war— __________ would never again __________ in the __________
- It __________ the __________ time that __________ believed that the war could be __________.
- Some __________ Union and __________ Confederate __________
- __________ came same day as __________ capture of __________
- Britain and __________ refused to aid __________ after __________

Gettysburg Address
- Lincoln gave __________ called __________ Address at __________ of battlefield __________
- Praised __________ of __________ soldiers and __________ commitment to __________ the war
• The purpose of the ______________ Address was to _____________ Americans of the ____________ that the Civil War was being _____________.
• Lincoln’s Gettysburg Address _____________ ideas that were ____________ in the _____________.
  • The ____________ and the ____________ Address expressed ideas valuing ____________, equality, and ____________.

Main Idea 2:
During 1864, Union campaigns in the East and South dealt crippling blows to the Confederacy.
• Lincoln was ______________ with Grant’s ______________; gave him command of ______________ army
  - Grant forced ______________ to fight series of ______________ in ______________ that stretched ______________ soldiers and ______________ to limit
• ______________ Campaign: series of battles ______________ to capture ______________ capital of ______________, Virginia, in 1864
  - Grant kept ______________ toward ______________ but suffered ______________ casualties.
  - Failure to capture ______________ by election of ______________ distressed ______________

Sherman Strikes the South
• Lincoln needed ______________ for ______________ army to help him win ______________ in ______________
• General ______________ ______________ campaign to ______________ South’s ______________ and ______________ provided ______________ his victory
• Sherman’s ______________ troops marched ______________ from ______________ in spring of 1864 to capture ______________, Georgia, in September, and ______________ in December
• The ______________ capture of ______________ contributed to Lincoln’s ______________.
  - Convinced Union ______________ that the ______________ was making ______________ in the ______________.
• Sherman practiced ______________ war, destroying ______________ and ______________ resources, in the hope of ______________ the South’s ______________ and ending its ______________ to fight.
• He hoped this would ______________ the ______________ of the ______________.
• General William Tecumseh Sherman made an important ______________ to the ______________ war effort
• He ______________ in destroying southern ______________ and ______________ by capturing ______________.
• General Lee decide to ______________ his troops at ______________ ______________.
  - The ______________ had ______________ his ______________ and he ran out of ______________

Effects of the War
• Civil War had ______________ and ______________ lasting ______________
  - Almost ______________ Americans ______________
• Life for ______________ in the ______________ changed after the Civil War.
  - They were now ______________ because of the ______________
  - Majority of former ______________, however, had no ______________ or ______________
• Southern ______________ in ______________
• Tremendous ______________ of ______________ remained
  - ______________ how the ______________ ______________ could be ______________ again