**Main Idea 1:**
Influenced by the abolition movement, many women struggled to gain equal rights for themselves.

- Fighting for the __________ of African Americans led many __________ abolitionists to __________ for their own __________.
- They __________ that they had to __________ their __________ to speak in __________.
- __________ did not want __________ to leave traditional __________ roles.

**Early Women Reformers**

**Grimké Sisters**
- Sarah Grimké wrote __________ in 1838 __________ for __________ rights for __________
- Angelina Grimké refused to __________ to __________ her __________ during their __________ ceremony.
- Transcendentalist __________ Fuller wrote __________ in the Nineteenth Century (1845), __________ importance of __________ to people, especially to __________

**Sojourner Truth**
- __________ supporter of both __________ and __________ rights
- Born into __________ in 1797
- Took name Sojourner __________ because she felt her __________ was to be a __________, or traveler, and spread the __________
- Never __________ to __________ or __________, but __________ people with her __________
  Sojourner __________ gave a __________ at a __________ rights __________ in 1851.
- Stated that __________ should not be __________ of as the __________ gender and they deserve __________

**Main Idea 2:**
Calls for women’s rights met opposition from men and women.

**The Movement Grows**
- Women’s __________ became a __________ issue when __________ took a more __________ and leading role in __________ and __________.
- Some __________ also began to __________ for __________ rights.

**Opposition to Women’s Rights**
- Some __________ believed they did not __________ new __________
- Some __________ thought that __________ lacked the __________ or __________ strength to __________ without men’s __________

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**Essential Question:** In what ways did reformers seek to improve women’s rights in American society?
Main Idea 3: The Seneca Falls Convention launched the first organized women’s rights movement in the United States.

- __________ Cady Stanton and Lucretia __________ organized the __________ Falls __________.
- The __________ was the __________ public __________ about __________ rights held in the __________ Falls __________.
- The __________ opened on July 19, 1848, in __________ Falls, __________ __________.
- Seneca Falls Convention in __________ was __________.
  - __________ the organized __________ rights __________ in the U.S.
  - __________ wrote a __________ of Sentiments.

Declaration of Sentiments

- Document detailed __________ about social __________ toward __________
  - Used __________ __________ as basis for __________
  - Authors included __________ charges __________ men
  - __________ by some __________ people
  - About __________ people __________ Seneca Falls Convention
    - Men included such __________ as __________ __________.
    - Many other __________ who worked in the __________ and __________ movements were __________.

Women’s Rights Leaders

Lucy Stone

- Well-known __________ for __________ __________
- Was a gifted __________ who __________ the nation on __________ rights

Susan B. Anthony

- Turned __________ for __________ rights into a __________ movement
- Susan B. Anthony fought for __________ rights in __________ __________ in 1860
- She won the __________ for __________ women to __________ their own __________ and __________.
- Argued for __________ pay for equal __________ —no __________ could be free __________ a “__________”

Elizabeth Cady Stanton

- Wrote many __________ and __________ of the movement
- Founder and __________ of __________ __________ __________ __________ __________