11-2 – Changes in Working Life- Pages 352-357

Essential Question: How did the introduction of factories change working life for many Americans?

Main Idea 1:
The spread of mills in the Northeast changed workers’ lives.

- __________ jobs usually involved __________ , __________ tasks done for __________ pay.
  - Could not find __________ because of the __________ work and the fact that other __________ were __________
- The __________ industry __________ jobs by hiring whole __________ , and paying __________ low wages.
  - Built __________ for __________ and provided a __________ store
  - __________ __________ strategy of hiring __________ and dividing __________ work into __________ tasks was called the __________ __________ system.

Main Idea 2:
The Lowell System revolutionized the textile industry in the Northeast.

- __________ __________ __________ created a new __________ of __________ manufacturing in __________, called the __________ system.
- The __________ system involved
  - Employing __________ , unmarried __________ , who were housed in __________
  - Providing clean __________ and free-time __________ for its __________
  - Having __________ that included both __________ thread and __________ in the same plant

Main Idea 3:
Workers organized to reform working conditions.

Deteriorating Working Conditions

- Employees worked ______-to-______ hour days in __________ conditions.
- Craftsmen’s wages __________ in __________ against cheap __________ goods.
- Wages of __________ workers __________ as they __________ for jobs.
Trade Unions Formed

• ___________ formed trade ___________ to gain ___________ wages and ___________ working ___________.
• Factory ___________ also formed ___________ unions.
• Trade ___________ are organizations of ___________ who tried to improve ___________ and working ___________ for members.
• A trade ___________ can be from a single ___________ or an organization of ___________ with a ___________ skill.
• Labor ___________ staged ___________ called ___________ , refusing to ___________ until employers ___________ their ___________ .
• Most early ___________ by union members were ___________ because the ___________ and the ___________ did not take their ___________ .

Labor Reform Efforts

• ___________ Sarah G. Bagley helped lead the ___________ movement in ___________.
• Bagley’s union campaigned to ___________ the _______ -to _______ -hour workday to a _______ -hour workday.
• She ___________ to bring the ___________ working day of ___________ employees to _______ business ___________.
• Union ___________ won some ___________ , as several states passed ___________ workday laws.
• In other ___________ the workday remained ___________ and ___________ labor prevailed.