1-1 – The Earliest Americans- Pages 6-11

Essential Question: How did Native American societies develop across Mesoamerica and North America?

Main Idea 1:
Climate changes allowed people to migrate to the Americas.
- __________________________ crossed the land bridge from ____________ to present-day ____________ during the last ice age from 38,000 to 10,000 BC.
- Scientists think people ____________ arrived in North America during the ____________ Age.
  - The ____________ level ____________ and people ____________ land.
- This ____________ of ____________ from one region to another is called ____________.
- Paleo-Indians and their descendants moved into present-day ____________, the ____________ ____________, Mexico, and South America.

Climate Affects Early Peoples
- Early peoples in the Americas were ____________ ____________, who hunted animals and gathered wild plants.
- Paleo-Indian ____________ began to hunt ____________ and ____________ after the Ice Age.
- Tall ____________ became ____________, resulting in the ____________ of the giant ____________ these ____________ once fed.
  - ____________ and ____________ thrived on ____________ grasses.
- The ____________ climate created new environments: ____________ and landscapes that surround living things.
- Different ____________ influenced the ____________ of Native American societies: groups that share a common ____________.
- ____________ is a group’s common ____________ and ____________.

Main Idea 2:
Early societies existed in Mesoamerica and North America.
- Some of the earliest ____________ civilizations developed in ____________, also called Central America.
- ____________ society developed along the Gulf Coast of ____________ between 1200 and 400 BC.
- ____________ civilization thrived in southeastern ____________ from AD 300 to 900.
- The ____________ arrived in Central Mexico in AD 1200, about the time the ____________ created a civilization in ____________ ____________.
- The ____________ Empire addressed the ____________ caused by its ____________ by building ____________ of ____________ of ____________.
Main Idea 3: Cultures in North America were influenced by the environment.

- Researchers use __________ areas to help describe ancient __________ __________ peoples.
- __________ areas are __________ locations that __________ society.
- North America is divided into __________ culture __________, including the Far North, __________ Coast, California, West, __________. Great Plains, and __________.

Far North Culture Areas

Arctic
- Long, cold __________ and short __________
- __________ and the __________ groups __________ to the __________ conditions of the __________.
- Inuit peoples in present-day __________ and __________
- Aleut peoples in __________
- Fished and hunted __________ mammals

Subarctic
- Long, cold winters and short summers
- __________ followed __________ deer.
- People lived in __________ shelters made of __________.

Pacific Coast and California Culture Areas

Pacific Coast
- Mild __________
- Rich supply of __________ animals, sea life, and wild __________
- Kwakiutl and Chinook peoples carved __________, ancestor or animal __________, on tall, __________ poles.

California
- Many food sources, such as __________, __________, and __________
- People lived in __________ family groups of _______ to ________.
- More than _______ different __________ spoken
- __________ included the Pomo, __________, and Yurok peoples.
West and Southwest Culture Areas

West
- Divided into ___________________ and Plateau ___________________.
- Groups adapted to the __________ climate by gathering _______________, digging ________, and gathering small _______.
- Most __________, including Paiute, Shoshone, and the Ute, ____________ the same ________.

Southwest
- Groups included the ________________, Navajo, and ________________.
- They also adapted to a dry _____________.
- The ________________ irrigated land to grow _________________.
- The ________________ hunted game and ________________ the ________________ of other groups.

Great Plains and East Culture Areas

Great Plains
- Stretched from ______________ to ______________ and from the Mississippi Valley to the _________________.
- Mainly ______________, with game such as _________________.
- People grew beans, ________________, and squash.
- Groups included the Mandan, Pawnee, Arapaho, ________________, and Comanche.

East
- Region ______________ in sources of _______________ and _________________.
- ______________ groups, such as the _______________ and Creek, lived in _______________ villages.
- The Algonquian and _______________ were the main groups in the _______________.
- The _______________ formed the _______________ League, a _______________ that waged _______________ against non-Iroquois peoples.
Feel free to color the pictures in your notes with colored pencils to add some color to your notes!